BARRON'S The Leader in Test Preparation



ESSENTIAL WORDS FOR THE TOEFL

6TH EDITION

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- A fully updated list of 500 words that frequently appear on the TOEFL
- Definitions, sample sentences, and practice exercises to build your word power
- An overview of each section of the TOEFL iBT and ITP
- A Reading Section test with answers to help you assess your test-taking readiness

LESSON 15

- adhere durable
- foster
- gain
- halt handle

- harbor
- harmful
- · insignificant
- mysterious
- perilous
- promote

- redundant
- reject
- substantial
- trait
- underscore

adhere

v. to stick to or follow precisely

adherence

sun. comply

Travelers must adhere to the laws of the country they are visiting. The referee's excessively strict *adherence* to the rules upset the players.

durable

adj. something that lasts a long time *time during which something lasts

n. durability duration*

sun. sturdy

It was a durable refrigerator, but it finally broke.

The durability of tires is a key factor in determining their quality.

foster

v. to promote growth or development

syn. stimulate

The industrial revolution *fostered* the rise of the middle class. Parents usually *foster* the development of good habits in their children.

gain

adj. gainful

gain

v. to obtain something needed or useful; to increase to the amount of something

syn. attain

He *gained* a lot of experience working as a volunteer.

His *qain* in knowledge was impressive.

halt

v. to stop or discontinue

adv. haltingly adi. halting

syn. stop

n. halt

Bus service to the city was halted due to poor road conditions. The supervisor put a halt to the tardiness of the employees.

handle v. to deal with or control

n. handling syn. manage

They handled themselves very well given the circumstances.

The president's handling of the crisis was widely applauded.

barborv. to give protection; to not express a desire or opinion, usually bad

syn. shelter

He harbors ill feelings for her.

They harbored the political refugee in their home.

harmful adj. something that causes pain or damage

adv. harmfully syn. unhealthy

v. harm n. harm

Excessive radiation is *harmful* to the body.

Bleach harms certain fabrics.

insignificant adj. not important; of little value

adv. insignificantly syn. meaningless

n. insignificance

The amount of rainfall this summer has been insignificant.

The *insignificance* of his comment became apparent with the passing of time.

mysterious adj. not easily understood or figured out

adv. mysteriously syn. baffling

n. mystery

n. mysteriousness

He had a *mysterious* effect on everyone who heard him speak.

The man's disappearance was a mystery.

perilous adj. threatening or risky; harmful

adv. perilously syn. dangerous

n. peril

It is *perilous* to exceed the speed limit.

There are ample *perils* in the sport of mountain climbing.

promote

v. to encourage or advertise; to elevate in rank or grade

n. promotern. promotion

syn. boost

Many nations promote tourism to lure foreign currency.

The customers responded favorably to the half-price promotion.

redundant

adj. being excessive; showing unnecessary

n. redundancy

repetition

adv. redundantly

syn. repetitious

Students who ask teachers to "repeat that again" are being *redundant* because "repeat" means "again."

Lush, redundant vegetation is common in tropical climates.

reject

v. to refuse

n. rejection

syn. refuse

The insurance company rejected the claim.

The rejection of his work was difficult for him to understand.

substantial

adj. important; strongly made; of value

adv. substantially

syn. significant

adj. substantive

The discovery of a vaccine for smallpox was a *substantial* medical achievement.

This substantive article will change your opinion of rock music.

trait

n. specific qualities that distinguish one from another

syn. characteristic

Her sense of humor and cheerful personality are some of her most impressive *traits*.

Alma's blonde hair is a *trait* inherited from her father.

underscore

v. to make evident or emphasize

syn. highlight

The high quality of the student's science fair project *underscored* her talent in biology.

The conclusion of the report should underscore its main ideas.

MATCHING

Choose the synonym.

- 1. foster
 - (A) exaggerate
 - (B) stimulate
 - (C) gain
 - (D) enhance
- 2. halt
 - (A) evaporate
 - (B) avoid
 - (C) defy
 - (D) stop
- 3. trait
 - (A) dwelling
 - (B) characteristic
 - (C) function
 - (D) abundance
- 4. durable
 - (A) ample
 - (B) crucial
 - (C) dominant
 - (D) sturdy
- 5. redundant
 - (A) repetitious
 - (B) creative
 - (C) round
 - (D) active

6. substantial

- (A) haphazard
- (B) diverse
- (C) significant
- (D) perilous

7. underscore

- (A) shelter
- (B) highlight
- (C) boost
- (D) exaggerate

8. mysterious

- (A) unhealthy
- (B) dangerous
- (C) dramatic
- (D) baffling

9. insignificant

- (A) meaningless
- (B) rudimentary
- (C) vigorous
- (D) spacious

10. adhere

- (A) exhaust
- (B) reject
- (C) comply
- (D) withstand

LESSON 15—MULTIPLE-CHOICE TEST QUESTIONS

1. Scientists can only speculate on the possible fate of the Cosmos. If the universe is unbound, there is little possibility that its expansion will **halt**. Thus, eventually the galaxies and stars will all die. The Cosmos then would be a cold, dark, and virtually empty place. If the universe is bound, the mass and energy content will come together again in a big fiery squeeze.

The word **halt** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A continue
- B stop
- © expand
- intensify
- 2. The perception of depth and distance depends on information transmitted through various sense organs. Sensory cues indicate the distance at which objects are located from the individual and from each other. The senses of sight and hearing transmit depth and distance cues that are **substantially** independent of one another.

The word **substantially** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A significantly
- absurdly
- © critically
- vigorously
- 3. Because the needs of human communication are so various, the study of meaning is probably the most difficult and **mysterious** aspect of serious language study. Traditionally, language has been defined as the expression of thought. But this idea is far too narrow an interpretation of language and far too broad a view of thought to be worthwhile. The expression of thought is just one of the many roles of language.

The word **mysterious** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- Substantial
- ® meaningful
- © promising
- baffling

4. The theory of environmental determinism says that the physical surroundings of a people, including natural resources, climate, and geography, are the major determining factors in the development of their culture. Therefore, determinism **rejects** the idea that history and tradition, social and economic factors, and other elements of culture explain social development.

The word rejects in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A refuses
- B ignores
- © promotes
- withstands
- 5. The greatest benefit of a regular exercise program is an improvement in overall fitness. Appropriate exercise **boosts** muscular strength and endurance, flexibility, and cardiorespiratory endurance. The level of maximum oxygen intake or cardiorespiratory endurance is usually not of great importance to most individuals. The most important thing is to attain their maximum level of performance.

The word **boosts** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A harms
- ® manages
- © promotes
- alters
- 6. The number of giant pandas in the world is dwindling. The chief reason is that their natural habitat in China has been reduced as bamboo forests have been cleared to increase available land for China's vast human population. In fact, the world came **perilously close** to losing the panda altogether in the 1980s as a result. Today, the panda's future is brighter. The Chinese government now protects most of the panda's natural habitat.

In saying that the world came **perilously close** to losing the panda, the author means that the giant panda

- A has been set free from zoos.
- endangered human beings.
- © threatened the extinction of bamboo.
- was nearly entirely eliminated.

7. Several pilots were killed during the competition for the Orteig Prize, which was promised to the first pilot to fly nonstop from New York to Paris. Charles Lindbergh believed he could win it if he had the right airplane, and he was right. He received the \$25,000 prize in 1927 for being the first to make the perilous flight across the Atlantic.

The word **perilous** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- substantial
- B dangerous
- © haphazard
- prosperous
- 8. In parts of the world that lack modern sewage treatment plants, water carrying human waste can flow into drinking water supplies. Disease-carrying bacteria in the waste can make the drinking water harmful. Even in certain U.S. cities, such contaminants have been found in urban water supplies.

The word **harmful** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A frail
- adverse
- © conspicuous
- unhealthy
- 9. Commercial arbitration has been practiced in European countries for many years. In the United States, commercial arbitration to handle disputes is gaining in popularity. The American Arbitration Association hires panels of arbitrators who mediate disagreements and propose solutions. The decisions of these panels have been enforced by the courts of many states.

The word **handle** in the passage is closest in meaning to

- A face
- ® manage
- © enact
- promote

10. Martin Luther King Jr. had a magnificent speaking ability. This quality enabled him to effectively express African-Americans' need for social justice. He **gained** the support of millions of people, both black and white, through his eloquent pleas for nonviolent social action. He received international acclaim when he was awarded the 1964 Nobel Peace Prize, after many years of struggle to assure basic civil rights for all citizens.

The word gained in the passage is closest in meaning to

- observed
- B created
- © extended
- attained